

**Financial Statements** 

December 31, 2023 and 2022

The Village at Rockville, Inc.
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December 31, 2023 and 2022

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## **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Board of Trustees of The Village at Rockville, Inc.

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of The Village at Rockville, Inc. (TVAR), which comprise the balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the related statements of operations, changes in net assets and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of TVAR as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

## **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of TVAR and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about TVAR's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

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#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audits of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and, therefore, is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audits.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audits in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of TVAR's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
  raise substantial doubt about TVAR's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of
  time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audits, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audits.

New Castle, Pennsylvania

Baker Tilly US, LLP

March 29, 2024

Balance Sheets

December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022		2023	2022
Assets			Liabilities and Net Assets		
Current Assets			Current Liabilities		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,853	\$ 21,465	Accounts payable, trade	\$ 49,536	\$ 179,818
Accounts receivable, net	1,859,352	3,006,415	Accrued interest	1,188,332	1,208,232
Prepaid expenses and other assets	449,807	444,489	Accrued expenses	3,839,293	3,377,307
Current portion of pledges receivable	5,000	-	Current portion of long-term debt	895,000	835,000
Current portion of assets whose use is limited	2,083,332	2,043,232			
Total current assets	4,399,344	5,515,601	Total current liabilities	5,972,161	5,600,357
Assets Whose Use is Limited, Net	11,992,608	9,133,720	Deferred Revenue From Entrance Fees	30,344,231	32,844,292
Investments	5,574,208	4,274,133	Refundable Entrance Fees	51,207,414	48,195,439
Beneficial Interest in Supporting Organization	18,378,369	31,428,690	Resident Deposits	642,504	448,767
Property and Equipment, Net	103,469,538	107,774,575	Long-Term Debt, Net	47,449,079	48,280,582
Funds Held in Trust by Others	2,305,729	2,447,836	Due to Affiliates, Net	6,100,111	21,687,316
Pledges Receivable, Net	15,000	-	Annuities Payable, Net	61,903	63,137
			Total liabilities	141,777,403	157,119,890
			Net Assets (Deficit)		
			Without donor restrictions	(885,003)	(890,934)
			With donor restrictions	5,242,396	4,345,599
			Total net assets	4,357,393	3,454,665
Total assets	\$ 146,134,796	\$ 160,574,555	Total liabilities and net assets	\$ 146,134,796	\$ 160,574,555

Statements of Operations

Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions		
Revenue:		
Net resident service revenue, including amortization of entrance		
fees 2023 \$4,341,330; 2022 \$3,868,329	\$ 36,423,664	\$ 33,127,989
Other grant funding	-	466,388
Net assets released from restrictions, operations	328,026	25,493
Total operating revenue	36,751,690	33,619,870
Operating expenses:		
Salaries and wages	14,066,852	14,161,325
Employee benefits and payroll taxes	2,855,332	3,028,686
Professional fees	3,111,911	3,030,073
Ancillary and medical	2,426,619	2,405,335
Supplies	734,836	649,986
Food services	1,253,227	1,315,109
Utilities	1,957,910	2,031,961
Depreciation	6,257,563	6,367,709
Interest	3,287,893	3,289,818
Insurance	250,162	231,722
Real estate taxes	942,043	885,046
Repairs and maintenance	531,977	686,261
Advertising and marketing	239,192	227,870
Licenses, dues and subscriptions	606,461	655,857
Other operating expenses	495,535	430,889
Credit loss expense	216,525	163,621
Management fees	2,655,168	2,793,747
Total operating expenses	41,889,206	42,355,015
Deficiency of operating revenue over expenses	(5,137,516)	(8,735,145)
Nonoperating revenue (expense):		
Contributions	869,707	110,702
Interest and dividends	1,570,820	1,091,521
Other income	116,485	146,915
Realized gains	1,015,832	2,078,654
Unrealized gains (losses)	1,508,424	(7,028,329)
Loss on extinguishment of debt		(361,695)
Total nonoperating revenue (expense)	5,081,268	(3,962,232)
(Deficiency) of operating and nonoperating		
revenue over expenses	(56,248)	(12,697,377)
Other changes:		
Unrealized gains	62,179	102,883
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	\$ 5,931	\$ (12,594,494)

Statements of Changes in Net Assets Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	2023	2022
Changes in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions (Deficiency) of operating and nonoperating		
revenue over expenses	\$ (56,248)	\$ (12,697,377)
Unrealized gains	62,179	102,883
Change in net assets without donor restrictions	5,931	(12,594,494)
Changes in Net Assets With Donor Restrictions		
Contributions	1,051,954	609,233
Funds held in trust income	13,432	13,280
Change in value of funds held in trust by others	159,437	(191,554)
Net assets released from restriction, operations	(328,026)	(25,493)
Change in net assets with donor restrictions	896,797	405,466
Change in net assets	902,728	(12,189,028)
Net Assets, Beginning	3,454,665	15,643,693
Net Assets, Ending	\$ 4,357,393	\$ 3,454,665

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

		2023		2022
Cash Flows From Operating Activities				
Change in net assets	\$	902,728	\$	(12,189,028)
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash	Ψ	002,720	Ψ	(12,100,020)
used in operating activities:				
Depreciation		6,257,563		6,367,709
Provision for credit losses		216,525		163,621
Loss on extinguishment of debt				361,695
Amortization of deferred financing costs		63,497		78,080
Amortization of entrance fees		(4,341,330)		(3,868,329)
Proceeds from nonrefundable entrance fees		2,439,728		2,220,667
Realized gains		(1,015,832)		(2,078,654)
Unrealized (gains) losses		(1,570,603)		6,925,446
Change in value of funds held in trust by others		(159,437)		191,554
Change in annuities payable		(1,234)		(1,878)
Changes in assets and liabilities:		(1,201)		(1,070)
Accounts receivable		930,538		(1,381,814)
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(5,318)		(70,332)
·		311,804		(752,234)
Accounts payable, trade and accrued expenses		311,004		(752,234)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		4,028,629		(4,033,497)
Cash Flows From Investing Activities				
Net purchases of investments				
and assets whose use is limited		(847,633)		(1,474,632)
Purchases of property and equipment		(1,952,526)		(2,077,962)
r dichases of property and equipment		(1,932,320)		(2,077,902)
Net cash used in investing activities		(2,800,159)		(3,552,594)
Cash Flows From Financing Activities				
Principal payments on long-term debt		(835,000)		(14,165,000)
Net change in resident deposits		193,737		11,936
Proceeds from entrance fees, new units		-		14,257,285
Proceeds from refundable entrance fees, turnover units		4,442,106		3,008,375
Refunds of entrance fees		(2,028,590)		(1,735,033)
Change in pledges receivable, net		(20,000)		3,000
Change in due to affiliates, net		(3,387,205)		1,030,472
·		7		
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities		(1,634,952)		2,411,035
Net change in cash and cash equivalents and				
restricted cash		(406,482)		(5,175,056)
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, Beginning		6,563,853		11,738,909
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash, Ending	\$	6,157,371	\$	6,563,853
The same same same same strained same same same same same same same same	<u>Ψ</u>	0,107,071	Ψ	0,000,000

Statements of Cash Flows

Years Ended December 31, 2023 and 2022

	 2023	 2022
Cash and Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash Include		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,853	\$ 21,465
Assets held under trust indenture	5,901,568	6,338,213
Cash, restricted by donors or grantors for specific purposes	 253,950	 204,175
	\$ 6,157,371	\$ 6,563,853
Supplemental Disclosure of Cash Flow Information		
Interest paid	\$ 3,244,296	\$ 3,546,262
Supplemental Schedule of Noncash Investing and Financing Activities		
Beneficial interest in supporting organization	\$ (12,200,000)	\$ (3,675,000)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

### 1. Nature of Organization and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

### **Nature of Organization**

The Village at Rockville, Inc. (TVAR) is a not-for-profit corporation, originally incorporated in the District of Columbia in 1890 and moved to its present location of Rockville, Maryland, in 1980. TVAR operates a retirement community in Rockville, Maryland, which includes 241 independent living units, 50 assisted living units, and 160 skilled nursing beds.

National Lutheran, Inc. (NLI) is a not-for-profit Maryland corporation affiliated with the Evangelical Lutheran Church in America (ELCA). The Members of NLI are the Delaware-Maryland Synod, Metropolitan Washington, DC Synod and the Virginia Synod of the ELCA.

NLI is the parent corporation and sole member of TVAR, which is a member of a system doing business as National Lutheran Communities and Services (NLCS). As a member of NLCS, TVAR shares in the control, support and services of NLCS.

### **Basis of Accounting**

The financial statements of TVAR have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, whereby revenue is recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when incurred.

#### **Use of Estimates**

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect reported assets, liabilities and disclosures at the date of the financial statements and revenue and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash and Cash Equivalents

TVAR considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased to be cash and cash equivalents, excluding those classified as investments and assets whose use is limited.

#### **Accounts Receivable**

Accounts receivable are reported net of an allowance for credit losses, which represents TVAR's estimate of expected losses at the balance sheet date. Accounts are written off when they are determined to be uncollectible. The adequacy of the TVAR's allowance for credit losses is reviewed on an ongoing basis, using historical payment trends, write-off experience, analyses of receivable portfolios by payor source and aging of receivables, a review of specific accounts and expected future economic conditions and market trends. Adjustments are made to the allowance as necessary. The allowance for credit losses was \$243,343 and \$136,919 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

## **Beneficial Interest in Supporting Organization**

TVAR maintains a support agreement with National Lutheran, Inc. and National Lutheran Home for the Aged, Inc. (NLHA) relative to TVAR's long-term debt. NLI is the parent to both TVAR and NLHA; NLHA is an affiliate of TVAR. The support agreement outlines that NLI and NLHA will provide access to capital to maintain TVAR's long-term debt requirements. Although the support agreement is with both NLI and NLHA, NLHA holds the investments that are providing the beneficial interest to TVAR. See Note 4 for the percent allocated to TVAR.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

#### Assets Whose Use is Limited, Investments and Beneficial Interest in Supporting Organization

Assets held as operating reserves, resident deposits and assets held under indenture agreements are classified as assets whose use is limited and are reported separately on the accompanying balance sheets. Assets whose use is limited, investments and beneficial interest in supporting organization are reported on the accompanying balance sheets at fair value, based on quoted market prices as provided by a national exchange, excluding an alternative investment which is valued at net asset value (NAV) per share.

Investment income or loss (including realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments, interest and dividends) is included in nonoperating revenue (expense) unless the income or loss is restricted by donor or law or related to unrealized gains or losses on alternative investments. Interest income is measured as earned on the accrual basis. Dividends are measured on the ex-dividend date. Purchases and sales of securities and realized gains and losses are recorded on a trade-date basis.

TVAR's investments are comprised of a variety of financial instruments and are managed by third-party investment advisors. The fair values reported on the balance sheets are subject to various risks including changes in the equity markets, the interest rate environment and general economic conditions. Due to the level of risk associated with certain investment securities and the level of uncertainty related to changes in the fair value of investment securities, it is reasonably possible that the amounts reported on the balance sheets could change materially in the near term.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are reported at cost or, if donated, at fair value. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method at rates calculated to amortize the cost of the assets over their estimated useful lives (3-40 years). TVAR's capitalization policy is to review invoices in excess of \$5,000 to determine if they should be capitalized. The general range of estimated useful lives is five to twenty years for furniture and equipment and fifteen to forty years for buildings and building and land improvements. Expenditures that extend the useful lives of the asset or significantly increase their capacity are capitalized. Interest expense from borrowings to fund construction projects is capitalized.

Property and equipment are evaluated for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate the carrying value of an asset may not be recoverable from the estimated future cash flows expected to result from its use and eventual disposition. If the expected cash flows are less than the carrying value, an impairment loss is recognized equal to an amount by which the carrying value exceeds the fair value of the assets.

#### Pledges Receivable

Pledges receivable are stated at outstanding balances and are discounted for their present value. Unpaid balances remaining after the stated payment terms are considered past due. Recoveries of previously charged off accounts are recorded when received. An allowance for uncollectable pledges is based on management's assessment of the collectability of pledges receivable and was \$0 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

### **Funds Held in Trust by Others**

TVAR has been named as a beneficiary of a number of perpetual and charitable remainder trusts which are administered and controlled by independent trustees. The trusts are recorded as contribution revenue when TVAR is notified of the trust's existence. TVAR receives the distributions of earnings from perpetual trusts whose principal is to be held in perpetuity. The earnings from these trusts are recorded as investment income. Depending upon the terms of the remainder trusts, TVAR may receive payments over a specified period of time or at a future date.

Perpetual trusts are valued based upon the fair value of the underlying investments. The change in the fair value of perpetual trusts is reported as a change in net assets with donor restrictions. The fair value of remainder trusts is based upon a calculation of the present value of the estimated future benefits to be received when the trust's assets are distributed and are recorded as net assets with donor restrictions.

#### **Gift Annuities**

Liabilities related to gift annuities issued by TVAR are recorded at the present value of the future payments based on the donor's life expectancy. Amounts donated in excess of the liability are recorded as contributions without restrictions on the statements of operations. TVAR uses published mortality tables adopted by the United States Internal Revenue Service (IRS) and an assumed discount rate of approximately 0.05% to 7.50% to determine the present value of the actuarially determined liability. Maryland regulations require a segregated reserve fund with assets at least equal to fund adequate reserves on its outstanding annuity agreement which TVAR maintains in compliance with this requirement.

#### **Entrance Fees**

TVAR's policy requires payment of an entrance fee for admittance to an independent living residence under a type C fee-for-service contract. TVAR currently offers traditional, 50% guaranteed refund, and 90% guaranteed refund entrance fee options. Agreements feature an amortization provision whereby the nonrefundable component of the entrance fee is earned ratably over a future time period following the initial date of occupancy. After this time period has ended, no refund is due to the resident. The nonrefundable component is contractually earned by TVAR as follows:

<u>Traditional entrance fee:</u> After applying the 10% administrative fee, the remaining entrance fee is contractually earned by TVAR over 60 months, at which time no refund will be payable to the resident.

50% entrance fee: After applying the 10% administrative fee, the remaining entrance fee is contractually earned by TVAR over 30 months, at which time no refund will be payable to the resident.

90% entrance fee: Guarantees a refund of the entrance fee paid less a 10% administrative fee.

Contracts containing varying refund provisions no longer offered by TVAR to new residents remain in force.

The nonrefundable portion of the entrance fees are accounted for as deferred revenue from entrance fees and are amortized into earned revenue using the straight-line method over the estimated remaining life of the residents over the contractual term of the contract. At the time of death or contract termination, the remaining nonrefundable balance is recognized as revenue. The remaining life expectancy of the residents is adjusted annually based on actuarial information. The refundable portion of the entrance fees is not amortized into income and is reported as refundable entrance fees liability. Guaranteed contractual refund obligations amounted to \$51,207,414 and \$48,195,439 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

TVAR also has a rental agreement requiring no entrance fee.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

## **Deferred Financing Costs**

Financing costs were incurred in connection with the issuance of long-term debt. These costs are reported on the accompanying balance sheets as a reduction of long-term debt and are being amortized over the life of the debt using the straight-line method, which approximates the effective interest method. TVAR redeemed in full its 2018D Revenue Bonds during 2022. Accordingly, TVAR recognized a loss of \$361,695 on unamortized debt issuance costs for the year ended December 31, 2022. The amortization of deferred financing costs, included in interest expense on the accompanying statements of operations, totaled \$63,497 and \$78,080 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Accumulated amortization was \$731,418 and \$667,921 as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenue, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor imposed restrictions. Accordingly, net assets and changes therein are classified and reported as follows:

**Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions** - Net assets available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions. All revenue not restricted by donors and donor restricted contributions whose restrictions are met in the same period in which they are received are accounted for in net assets without donor restrictions.

**Net Assets With Donor Restrictions** - Net assets subject to donor-imposed restrictions. Some donor-imposed restrictions are temporary in nature, such as those that will be met by the passage of time or other events specified by the donor. Other donor-imposed restrictions are perpetual in nature, where the donor stipulates that resources be maintained in perpetuity. All revenue restricted by donors as to either timing or purpose of the related expenditures or required to be maintained in perpetuity as a source of investment income are accounted for in net assets with donor restrictions. When a donor restriction expires, that is, when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, net assets with donor restrictions are reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions.

#### **Net Resident Service Revenue**

Net resident service revenue is reported at the amount that reflects the consideration TVAR expects to receive in exchange for the services provided. These amounts are due from residents or third-party payors and include variable consideration for retroactive adjustments, if any, under reimbursement programs. Performance obligations are determined based on the nature of the services provided. Net resident service revenue is recognized as performance obligations are satisfied.

Net resident service revenue is primarily comprised of the following revenue streams:

**Skilled Nursing** - Skilled nursing revenue is primarily derived from providing nursing services to residents at a stated daily fee, net of any explicit and implicit price concessions. TVAR has determined that skilled nursing services are considered one performance obligation which is satisfied over time as services are provided. Therefore, skilled nursing revenue is recognized on a daily basis as services are rendered.

**Assisted Living** - Assisted living revenue is primarily derived from providing housing and personal care services to residents at a stated monthly fee. TVAR has determined that the services included in the monthly fee have the same timing and pattern of transfer and are a series of distinct services that are considered one performance obligation which is satisfied over time as services are provided. Therefore, assisted living revenue is recognized on a month-to-month basis.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

**Independent Living** - Independent living revenue is primarily derived from providing housing and services to residents. TVAR has determined that the services included in the monthly fee have the same timing and pattern of transfer and are a series of distinct services that are considered one performance obligation which is satisfied over time as services are provided. Therefore, independent living monthly fees are recognized on a month-to-month basis.

The guaranteed refund component of entrance fees is not amortized to income and is classified as refundable entrance fees on the accompanying balance sheets.

**Other Resident Services** - Other resident services revenue includes services such as housekeeping, laundry, transportation, medical supplies and other revenue from residents. TVAR has determined that other resident services revenue is considered one performance obligation which is satisfied over time as services are provided. Therefore, other resident services revenue is recognized on a daily basis as services are rendered.

Revenue from nonrefundable entrance fees received is recognized through amortization of the nonrefundable entrance fee using the straight-line method over annually adjusted estimated remaining life expectancies of the residents which during the contractual term of the contract approximates the period of time the goods and services under the agreements are expected to be transferred to residents. The unamortized portion is classified as deferred revenue from entrance fees on the balance sheets. Amortization of nonrefundable entrance fees included in net resident service revenue was \$4,341,330 in 2023 and \$3,868,329 in 2022.

TVAR receives revenue for services under third-party payor programs, including Medicare, Medicaid and other third-party payors. Settlements with third-party payors for retroactive adjustments due to audits, reviews or investigations are included in the determination of the estimated transaction price for providing services. TVAR estimates the transaction price based on the terms of the contract and correspondence with the third-party payor and historical payment trends, and retroactive adjustments are recognized in future periods as final settlements are determined.

TVAR disaggregates revenue by type of service and payor source as this depicts the nature, amount, timing and uncertainty of its revenue and cash flows as affected by economic factors. Net resident service revenue consists of the following for the years ended December 31:

						2023			
	_	Skilled Nursing		Assisted Living	_ li	ndependent Living	Ot	her Resident Services	 Total
Self-pay	\$	4,135,610	\$	4,870,363	\$	6,449,664	\$	1,209,096	\$ 16,664,733
Medicare		7,094,255		-		-		-	7,094,255
Medical Assistance		7,199,716		-		-		-	7,199,716
Commercial insurance Amortization of nonrefundable		1,123,630		-		-		-	1,123,630
entrance fees				-		4,341,330			4,341,330
Total	\$	19,553,211	\$	4,870,363	\$	10,790,994	\$	1,209,096	\$ 36,423,664
						2022			
		Skilled	Assisted Living		Independent Living		Other Resident Services		
		Nursing					—		 Total
Self-pay	<u> </u>		\$				<u>-</u>		\$ <b>Total</b> 14,786,969
Self-pay Medicare	\$	Nursing	\$	Living		Living	_	Services	\$ _
	\$	<b>Nursing</b> 4,201,626	\$	Living		Living	_	Services	\$ 14,786,969
Medicare Medical Assistance Commercial insurance	\$	A,201,626 7,218,277	\$	Living		Living	_	Services	\$ 14,786,969 7,218,277
Medicare Medical Assistance	\$	4,201,626 7,218,277 6,386,615	\$	Living		Living	_	Services	\$ 14,786,969 7,218,277 6,386,615

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

TVAR has agreements with third-party payors that provide for payments at amounts different from established rates. A summary of the payment arrangements with major third-party payors follows:

**Medical Assistance** - Under the Maryland Medical Assistance Program's case-mix reimbursement system, the determination of reimbursement rates for skilled nursing costs is based upon a recipient's dependency in Activities of Daily Living (ADLs), and need for and receipt of ancillary nursing services. Each recipient is assigned a reimbursement level depending on his or her degree of dependency in ADLs.

**Medicare** - Nursing and ancillary services provided to Medicare Part A beneficiaries are paid at prospectively determined rates per day. These rates vary according to a resident-specific classification system that is based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors and the reimbursement methodology is subject to various limitations and adjustments.

As described above, the Medical Assistance and Medicare Part A rates are based on clinical, diagnostic and other factors. The determination of these rates is partially based on TVAR's clinical assessment of its residents. TVAR is required to clinically assess its residents at predetermined time periods throughout the year. The documented assessments are subject to review and adjustment by the Medical Assistance and Medicare programs.

TVAR also has entered into payment agreements with certain commercial insurance carriers and others. The basis for payment to TVAR under these agreements includes prospectively determined rates per day or discounts from established charges.

Payment terms and conditions for TVAR's resident contracts vary by contract type and payor source, although terms generally include payment to be made within 30 days. Net resident service fee revenue for recurring and routine monthly services is generally billed monthly in advance. Net resident service fee revenue for ancillary services is generally billed monthly in arrears. Additionally, nonrefundable entrance fees are generally billed and collected in advance of move-in. Revenue collected from residents in advance are recognized as deferred revenue from entrance fees until the performance obligations are satisfied and are included in deferred revenue from entrance fees on the accompanying balance sheets.

#### Advertising

TVAR expenses advertising costs as incurred. Advertising expense totaled \$239,192 and \$227,870 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

#### **Loss on Extinguishment of Debt**

During the year ended December 31, 2022, TVAR redeemed its Series 2018D with the proceeds from Glenmere entrance fees. This transaction resulted in the recognition of a loss on extinguishment of debt in the amount of \$361,695 for the year ended December 31, 2022.

## **Deficiency of Operating and Nonoperating Revenue Over Expenses**

The statements of operations include the determination of deficiency of operating and nonoperating revenue over expenses as the performance indicator. Other changes in net assets without donor restrictions, which are excluded from the performance indicator, consistent with industry practice, include unrealized gains on alternative investments measured at NAV.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

#### **Income Tax Status**

TVAR is a not-for-profit corporation as described in Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code) and has been recognized as tax exempt under Section 501(a) of the Code. Accordingly, no provision for income taxes has been provided.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require an organization to evaluate tax positions taken by TVAR and recognize a tax liability or asset if TVAR has taken an uncertain position that more likely than not would be sustained upon examination by the IRS. TVAR has concluded that as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, there are no uncertain positions taken or expected to be taken that would require recognition of a liability or asset or disclosure in the financial statements. Generally, tax returns for years ended December 31, 2020, and thereafter remain subject to examination by federal and state tax authorities.

#### Reclassifications

Certain reclassifications have been made to the 2022 financial statements to conform to the presentation used in 2023.

## Subsequent Events

In preparing these financial statements, TVAR evaluated events that occurred through March 29, 2024, the date the financial statements were issued, for potential recognition or disclosure.

#### **Recent Accounting Pronouncement**

ASU No. 2016-13, Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326): Measurement of Credit Losses on Financial Instruments and Other ASUs Issued Amending Topic 326

In June 2016, the Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) issued Accounting Standards Update (ASU) No. 2016-13, *Financial Instruments—Credit Losses (Topic 326)*. The ASU introduces a new credit loss methodology, Current Expected Credit Losses (CECL), which requires earlier recognition of credit losses, while also providing additional transparency about credit risk. Since its original issuance in 2016, the FASB has issued several updates to the original ASU. The CECL methodology utilizes a lifetime "expected credit loss" measurement objective for the recognition of credit losses at the time the financial asset is originated or acquired. The expected credit losses are adjusted each period for changes in expected lifetime credit losses. The methodology replaces the multiple existing impairment methods in current GAAP, which generally require that a loss be incurred before it is recognized. On January 1, 2023, TVAR adopted the ASU using the modified retrospective transition approach of the period of adoption. There was no adjustment to net assets upon adoption. Disclosures have been included within the financial statements have been included to meet the requirements of Topic 326. Adoption did not have a material impact on TVAR's balance sheets, results of operations or cashflows.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

### 2. Liquidity and Availability of Resources

Financial assets are considered liquid and available when convertible into cash within a year. Financial assets available for general expenditure, without donor or other restrictions limiting their use, within one year of the balance sheets dates, comprise the following as of December 31:

	 2023	 2022	
Financial assets:			
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 1,853	\$ 21,465	
Accounts receivable, net	1,859,352	3,006,415	
Investments	5,574,208	4,274,133	
Beneficial interest in supporting organization	 18,378,369	 31,428,690	
Total financial assets	\$ 25,813,782	\$ 38,730,703	

As part of TVAR's liquidity management, it has a policy to structure its financial assets to be available as its general expenditures, liabilities and other obligations come due. TVAR invests cash in excess of daily requirements in short-term investments. Certain of the donor purpose restricted funds may be utilized as the restrictions are satisfied. As stated in Note 4, TVAR designated a portion of its beneficial interest in supporting organization as an operating reserve to comply with the requirements of the Maryland Department of Aging Reserve Requirements and thus they are not included in the schedule above. Although TVAR does not intend to utilize the operating reserve for general expenditures as part of its annual budget and approval process, amounts designated as operating reserves could be made available as necessary. The operating reserves are included in assets whose use is limited on the balance sheets and do not have third-party restrictions or limitations on the withdrawal and subsequent liquidation of such funds.

#### 3. Concentrations of Credit Risk

TVAR grants credit without collateral to its residents, some of whom are insured under third-party payor arrangements, primarily with Medicare and various commercial insurance companies. TVAR maintains cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents accounts, which, at times, may exceed federally insured limits. TVAR has not experienced any losses from maintaining cash and cash equivalents accounts in excess of federally insured limits. Management believes it is not subject to any significant credit risk on its cash, restricted cash and cash equivalents.

#### 4. Fair Value Measurements

Authoritative guidance regarding *Fair Value Measurements* establishes a framework for measuring fair value. This guidance defines fair value, establishes a framework and hierarchy for measuring fair value and outlines the related disclosure requirements. The guidance indicates that a fair value measurement assumes that the transaction to sell an asset or transfer a liability occurs in the principal market for the asset or liability or, in the absence of a principal market, the most advantageous market for the asset or liability based upon an exit price model. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1 measurements) and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3 measurements). The levels of the fair value hierarchy are as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Level 2 - Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities.

Level 3 - Unobservable inputs that are supported by little or no market activity and that are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities.

The tables below present the balances of financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31:

				2023		
	Ca	arrying Value	Fair Value	Level 1	 Level 2	 Level 3
Reported at fair value: Assets: Investments, beneficial interest in supporting organization and assets whose use is limited:						
Cash and cash						
equivalents	\$	6,273,917	\$ 6,273,917	\$ 6,273,917	\$ -	\$ -
Equity securities		2,517,908	2,517,908	2,515,362	2,546	-
Mutual funds		2,104,380	2,104,380	2,104,380	-	-
Fixed income securities Beneficial interest in supporting		579,571	579,571	557,932	21,639	-
organization		24,827,678	 24,827,678	16,562,052	 8,265,626	
Total		36,303,454	36,303,454	28,013,643	8,289,811	-
Beneficial interest in supporting organization alternative investment						
measured at NAV		1,725,063	 1,725,063			
Total		38,028,517	38,028,517			
Funds held in trust by others		2,305,729	 2,305,729	 -	-	2,305,729
Total assets	\$	40,334,246	\$ 40,334,246	\$ 28,013,643	\$ 8,289,811	\$ 2,305,729

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

					2022			
	C	arrying Value		Fair Value	 Level 1		Level 2	Level 3
Reported at fair value: Assets: Investments, beneficial								
interest in supporting organization and assets whose use is limited: Cash and cash								
equivalents	\$	6,668,005	\$	6,668,005	\$ 6,668,005	\$	-	\$ -
Equity securities		1,288,480		1,288,480	1,285,934		2,546	-
Mutual funds		2,323,274		2,323,274	2,323,274		-	-
Fixed income securities		244,245		244,245	222,606		21,639	-
Other Beneficial interest in supporting		88,342		88,342	88,342		-	-
organization	_	33,375,900		33,375,900	 20,404,747	_	12,971,153	 <del>_</del>
Total		43,988,246		43,988,246	30,992,908		12,995,338	-
Beneficial interest in supporting organization alternative investment								
measured at NAV	_	2,891,529	_	2,891,529				
Total		46,879,775		46,879,775				
Funds held in trust by others		2,447,836		2,447,836	 <u>-</u>		<u>-</u>	 2,447,836
Total assets	\$	49,327,611	\$	49,327,611	\$ 30,992,908	\$	12,995,338	\$ 2,447,836

Beneficial interest in supporting organization and assets whose use is limited are presented together in the tables above as there are various investment and cash accounts that are allocated between the beneficial interest in supporting organization and assets whose use is limited lines on the balance sheets.

In accordance with the Maryland Department of Aging reserve requirements governing continuing care retirement communities (Note 6), TVAR maintains an operating reserve based on a percentage of the facility's net operating expenses for the most recent audited fiscal year. These funds have been reclassed from the beneficial interest in supporting organization and reserved in assets whose use is limited on the balance sheets.

Certain investments are combined with related organizations and are referred to as beneficial interest in supporting organization investments. For the purpose of the fair value disclosure, these funds are referred to as the Consolidated Fund. Approximately 51.43% and 55.71% of the combined investments are attributable to TVAR as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The percentage of the investments is calculated based on a monthly allocation percentage, adjusted for necessary reallocations specific to TVAR. Investment income is also based on this allocation.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

The following tables present TVAR's share of the consolidated investments that are represented as beneficial interest in supporting organization, measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31:

2023
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				20	23	.5							
	Carrying Value		F	air Value		Level 1		Level 2					
Beneficial interest in supporting organization:													
Čash and cash equivalents Equity securities:	\$	2,164,421	\$	2,164,421	\$	2,164,421	\$	-					
Consumer discretionary		1,946,715		1,946,715		1,946,715		-					
Consumer staples		2,053,722		2,053,722		2,053,722		-					
Energy		1,371,873		1,371,873		1,371,873		_					
Financial		2,592,876		2,592,876		2,592,876		-					
Health care		1,266,256		1,266,256		1,266,256		_					
Industrials		2,635,405		2,635,405		2,635,405		_					
Information technology		1,292,322		1,292,322		1,292,322		_					
Real estate		647,533		647,533		647,533		-					
Utilities		589,914		589,914		589,914		_					
Mutual funds:		,		,		,							
Equity		1,015		1,015		1,015		-					
Fixed income securities:		•		·		•							
Corporate bonds		6,314,091		6,314,091		-		6,314,091					
U.S. government and													
agency bonds		1,951,535		1,951,535				1,951,535					
Subtotal		24,827,678		24,827,678	\$	16,562,052	\$	8,265,626					
Alternative investment measured at NAV		1,725,063		1,725,063									
Total	\$	26,552,741	\$	26,552,741									

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

Subtotal

Alternative investment measured at NAV

Total

	Car	rying Value	F	air Value	 Level 1	Level 2
Beneficial interest in supporting organization:						
Cash and cash equivalents Equity securities:	\$	2,636,801	\$	2,636,801	\$ 2,636,801	\$ -
Consumer discretionary		3,118,939		3,118,939	3,118,939	-
Consumer staples		2,267,510		2,267,510	2,267,510	-
Energy		1,818,305		1,818,305	1,818,305	-
Financial		2,787,535		2,787,535	2,787,535	-
Health care		1,785,567		1,785,567	1,785,567	-
Industrials		2,504,763		2,504,763	2,504,763	_
Information technology		1,813,513		1,813,513	1,813,513	_
Materials		113,562		113,562	113,562	_
Real estate		774,906		774,906	774,906	_
Utilities		673,252		673,252	673,252	_
Other		42,180		42,180	42,180	_
Mutual funds:		•		,	•	
Equity		67,914		67,914	67,914	_
Fixed income securities:		•		,	•	
Corporate bonds		5,564,774		5,564,774	-	5,564,774
U.S. government and				. ,		
agency bonds		7,406,379		7,406,379	 	 7,406,379

2022

TVAR has no financial assets or liabilities that are recorded at fair value on a nonrecurring basis.

33,375,900

2,891,529

36,267,429

There were no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 or Level 3 during the years ended December 31, 2023 or 2022.

33,375,900

2,891,529

36,267,429

20,404,747

The following methods have been used by TVAR in estimating the fair value on a recurring basis of its financial instruments. There have been no changes in the methodologies used as of December 31, 2023 or 2022:

**Cash and Cash Equivalents** - Fair values, which are the amounts reported on the balance sheets, are based on multiplying number of units held by \$1 per unit.

**Equity Securities and Mutual Funds** - Valued at the closing price reported in the active market on which the individual securities are traded for equity securities and fixed income mutual funds and quoted market prices in active markets.

**Fixed Income Securities and Other** - Fair values of these items, which are the amounts reported on the balance sheets, are estimated using quoted prices for similar securities.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

**Beneficial Interest in Supporting Organization** - Based on the fair values of the investments held in the fund at TVAR's percentage of holdings, which include the following:

Investments within the beneficial interest in supporting organization are valued at fair value based on quoted market prices in active markets for cash and cash equivalents, equity securities, mutual funds and exchange-traded and closed-end funds and based on quoted prices for the same or similar securities for fixed income securities.

Alternative Investment - Alternative investment is comprised of a hedge fund. TVAR measures the fair value of the alternative investment based on net asset value (NAV) as calculated on the reporting entity's measurement date. TVAR measures the fair value of an investment that does not have a readily determinable fair value, based on the NAV of the investment as a practical expedient, without further adjustment, unless it is probable that the investment will be sold at a value significantly different than the NAV. If the practical expedient NAV is not as of the reporting entity's measurement date, then the NAV is adjusted to reflect any significant events that would materially affect the value of the security and the NAV of TVAR as of the valuation date. In using the NAV as a practical expedient, certain attributes of the investment, that may impact the fair value of the investment, are not considered in measuring fair value. Attributes of those investments include the investment strategies of the investees and may also include, but are not limited to, restrictions on the investor's ability to redeem its investments at the measurement date at NAV as well as any unfunded commitments. TVAR's share of the Consolidated Fund's alternative investments as of December 31, 2023 and 2022 was \$1,725,063 and \$2,891,529, respectively. The investment strategy for Ironwood Institutional Multi-Strategy Fund (Fund) is capital appreciation with limited variability of returns. The Fund invests exclusively in other private investment companies, which invests substantially all of its assets in hedge funds and other similar investment vehicles that are managed by a select group of portfolio managers who invest in a variety of financial markets and utilize a broad range of alternative investment strategies. There were no unfunded commitments as of December 31, 2023 or 2022, and there is a monthly or quarterly redemption notice of 15 - 120 days.

**Funds Held in Trust by Others** - Valued based on the fair value of the trusts' underlying assets, which approximates the discounted present value of future cash flows.

The preceding methods described may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of net realizable value or reflective of future fair values. Furthermore, while TVAR believes its valuation methodologies are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The change in value in Level 3 assets is recorded on the statements changes in net assets as an increase or decrease in net assets with donor restrictions.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 5. Investments, Beneficial Interest in Supporting Organization and Assets Whose Use is Limited

The investments, beneficial interest in supporting organization and assets whose use is limited are presented on the balance sheets as follows as of December 31:

	 2023	 2022
Investments	\$ 5,574,208	\$ 4,274,133
Beneficial interest in supporting organization	\$ 18,378,369	\$ 31,428,690
Assets whose use is limited: Operating reserve Assets held under trust indenture (2012 bonds): Debt service reserve Interest Principal Replacement reserves Assets held under trust indenture (2018 bonds): Entrance fee fund Debt service reserve Interest Construction	\$ 8,174,372 843,676 455,510 356,239 47,614 512,883 2,940,472 744,619 555	\$ 4,838,739 804,786 460,514 332,981 45,419 463,796 2,804,927 764,294 661,496
Less current portion	 (2,083,332)	(2,043,232)
Assets whose use is limited, net	\$ 11,992,608	\$ 9,133,720

## 6. Maryland Department of Aging Reserve Requirements

In accordance with Maryland law governing continuing care retirement communities, TVAR is required to set aside operating reserves totaling 25% of the facility's net operating expenses (as defined) for the most recent audited fiscal year.

The calculation of the required minimum statutory operating reserve for the year ended December 31, 2023, is as follows:

Total operating expenses for fiscal year ended December 31, 2022 Less:	\$ 42,355,015
Depreciation Interest	(6,367,709) (3,289,818)
Adjusted operating expenses	\$ 32,697,488
Funding requirement (25% of operating expenses)	\$ 8,174,372

TVAR has reserved this amount in assets whose use is limited to satisfy the minimum statutory operating reserve requirement.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

## 7. Property and Equipment

A summary of property and equipment and the related accumulated depreciation is as follows as of December 31:

	2023	2022
Land Land improvements Buildings and building improvements Furniture and equipment Construction in progress	\$ 3,255,294 1,278,079 151,267,482 16,730,302 2,677,164	\$ 3,255,294 1,198,155 150,534,720 16,642,184 1,625,441
Less accumulated depreciation	175,208,321 (71,738,782)	173,255,794 (65,481,219)
	\$ 103,469,539	\$ 107,774,575

## 8. Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt consists of the following as of December 31:

	 2023	 2022
Series 2018A Fixed Rate Economic Development Revenue Bonds were payable in monthly installments of interest only through February 2022, and then monthly principal and interest payments through November 2048 to satisfy annual debt service requirements. Interest is fixed at 6.07% through maturity.	\$ 17,660,000	\$ 17,915,000
Series 2018B Adjustable Rate Economic Development Revenue Bonds were payable in monthly installments of interest only through February 2022, and then monthly principal and interest payments through February 2049 to satisfy annual debt service requirements. Interest is fixed at 5.23% and adjusts in February 2027 as defined in the debt agreements.	13,425,000	13,645,000
Series 2012A Economic Development Revenue Bonds, payable in monthly installments to satisfy annual debt service requirements through February 2042. Interest is payable at a fixed rate of 6.15% through maturity.	11,150,000	11,355,000
Series 2012B Economic Development Revenue Bonds, payable in monthly installments to satisfy annual debt service requirements through February 2042. Interest is payable at a fixed rate of 5.04% through maturity.	7,475,000	7,630,000
	49,710,000	50,545,000
Less current portion	895,000	835,000
Less deferred financing costs	 1,365,921	1,429,418
Total long-term debt	\$ 47,449,079	\$ 48,280,582

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

As security for the payment of the bonds, TVAR has granted a lien and security interest in the mortgaged premises and assigned a security interest in the pledged assets to the master trustee. Pledged assets include present and future accounts receivable, contract rights, general intangibles and the proceeds of all the foregoing. Additionally, NLI and National Lutheran Home for the Aged, Inc. entered into support agreements guaranteeing the repayment of the bonds as additional security. The support agreements will terminate upon the achievement of certain financial performance targets as defined in the agreements.

TVAR is required to comply with certain debt covenants in connection with the aforementioned long-term debt. Management believes they are in compliance with all covenants as of December 31, 2023 and 2022.

Scheduled principal payments on long-term debt as of December 31, 2023, are as follows:

Years ending December 31:	
2024	\$ 895,000
2025	935,000
2026	995,000
2027	1,050,000
2028	1,125,000
Thereafter	 44,710,000
	\$ 49,710,000

Interest expense in connection with long-term debt totaled \$2,855,972 in 2023 and \$3,048,881 in 2022.

#### 9. Net Assets

Net assets presentation on the balance sheets with expanded disclosure for the amount and purpose of designations is as follows as of December 31:

	 2023		2022
Net assets: Without donor restrictions: Undesignated Maryland Department of Aging reserve requirements	\$ (9,059,375) 8,174,372	\$	(5,729,673) 4,838,739
	 (885,003)	-	(890,934)
With donor restrictions: Purpose restricted for:			
Operations	273,950		204,175
Charitable remainder trusts	37,738		350,298
Perpetual trusts	2,267,992		2,097,538
Restricted in perpetuity	 2,662,716		1,693,588
	 5,242,396		4,345,599
	\$ 4,357,393	\$	3,454,665

For the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, net assets of \$328,026 and \$25,493, respectively, were released from donor restrictions for operations by incurring expenses satisfying the restricted purposes.

Earnings from net assets restricted in perpetuity are available to support charitable and benevolent care provided by TVAR.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

### 10. Related-Party Transactions

NLI is the sole member of TVAR and provides support in the form of management and support services in exchange for management fees and provides additional capital support when needed. TVAR incurred management fees to NLI totaling \$2,655,168 and \$2,793,747 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively.

Various entities that are part of the NLCS system make working capital advances to each other as needed. Related party transactions bear no interest and have no stated repayment terms.

The following represents net amounts due to affiliated organizations as of December 31:

	 2023	 2022
National Lutheran, Inc. (Parent) National Lutheran Home for the Aged, Inc.	\$ 6,100,111	\$ 19,237,316 2,450,000
	\$ 6,100,111	\$ 21,687,316

## 11. Expenses by Nature and Function

TVAR's expenses for resident services (including skilled nursing, assisted living, independent living and other resident services) and general and administrative are as follows for the years ended December 31:

				2023	
	Resident Services		General and Administrative		Total
Salaries and wages	\$	13,305,345	\$	761,507	\$ 14,066,852
Employee benefits and payroll taxes		2,709,720		145,612	2,855,332
Professional fees		3,006,332		105,579	3,111,911
Ancillary and medical		2,426,619		-	2,426,619
Supplies		618,447		116,389	734,836
Food services		1,229,213		24,014	1,253,227
Utilities		1,756,032		201,878	1,957,910
Depreciation		6,257,563		-	6,257,563
Interest		3,224,396		63,497	3,287,893
Insurance		250,162		-	250,162
Real estate taxes		942,043		-	942,043
Repairs and maintenance		444,290		87,687	531,977
Advertising and marketing		239,192		-	239,192
Licenses, dues and subscriptions		212,344		394,117	606,461
Other operating expenses		378,650		116,885	495,535
Credit loss expense		216,525		-	216,525
Management fees				2,655,168	 2,655,168
Total	\$_	37,216,873	\$	4,672,333	\$ 41,889,206

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

				2022	
	Resident Services		General and Administrative		Total
Salaries and wages	\$	13,495,056	\$	666,269	\$ 14,161,325
Employee benefits and payroll taxes		2,907,245		121,441	3,028,686
Professional fees		2,923,660		106,413	3,030,073
Ancillary and medical		2,405,335		-	2,405,335
Supplies		600,432		49,554	649,986
Food services		1,295,365		19,744	1,315,109
Utilities		1,822,448		209,513	2,031,961
Depreciation		6,367,709		-	6,367,709
Interest		3,211,739		78,079	3,289,818
Insurance		231,722		-	231,722
Real estate taxes		885,046		-	885,046
Repairs and maintenance		615,702		70,559	686,261
Advertising and marketing		227,870		-	227,870
Licenses, dues and subscriptions		197,386		458,471	655,857
Other operating expenses		239,888		191,001	430,889
Credit loss expense		163,621		-	163,621
Management fees				2,793,747	2,793,747
Total	\$	37,590,224	\$	4,764,791	\$ 42,355,015

The financial statements report certain expense categories that are attributable to more than one health care or support function. Therefore, these expenses require an allocation on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Costs not directly attributable to a function are allocated to the functions based on square footage basis. Fundraising expenses are incurred through NLI.

### 12. Benevolent Care

TVAR extends charity care and other support to residents, who meet certain criteria under its benevolent care policy and are unable to pay for services, at all levels of care as needed and when appropriate without charge or at amounts less than its established rates. Because TVAR does not pursue collection of amounts determined to be benevolent care, they are not reported as resident service revenue.

TVAR maintains records to identify and monitor the level of benevolent care it provides. The estimated cost of providing benevolent care is based upon the direct and indirect costs identified with the specific benevolent care provided. The cost of benevolent care provided to assisted living residents amounted to approximately \$167,000 and \$289,200 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The amount by which costs exceeded revenues for the Medicaid program amounted to approximately \$2,056,000 and \$2,615,800 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. TVAR received contributions of approximately \$941,000 and \$52,000 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, to offset or subsidize benevolent care services provided.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

#### 13. Pension Plan

TVAR participates in a 403(b) defined contribution plan. The Plan states TVAR shall make a Safe Harbor contribution in an amount equal to 100% of each employee's contribution, up to a maximum of 3% of such participant's compensation. In addition, TVAR will contribution 50% of each employee's contribution up to the next 2% of such participant's compensation for each payroll period. All participating employees' contributions are 100% vested and employer contributions are vested at 20% per year to 100% after five years. Employer contributions totaled \$308,684 and \$293,896 for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively, and are recorded in employee benefits and payroll taxes on the statements of operations.

#### 14. Medical Malpractice and General Liability Claims Coverage

TVAR participates in a reciprocal risk retention group (RRG) through NLI. The coverage is provided on a claims-made basis. Medical malpractice and general liability coverages were provided for TVAR in the amount of \$1,000,000 per event and \$3,000,000 per annual aggregate. Each claim has a \$75,000 self-insured retention, prior to the primary insurance coverage. TVAR also has an excess umbrella policy for general liability coverage. The excess umbrella limit is \$15,000,000 in the aggregate. TVAR funds any potential accrued claims incurred but not reported liability through the premiums paid to the RRG. As of December 31, 2023, no such adjustments to premiums are deemed necessary.

#### 15. Commitments and Contingencies

The health care industry is subject to numerous laws, regulations and administrative directives of federal, state and local government agencies. Compliance with these laws, regulations and administrative directives is subject to future government review and interpretation as well as regulatory actions unknown or unasserted at this time. Government activity continues to increase with respect to investigations and allegations concerning possible violations by health care providers of fraud and abuse statutes and regulations, which could result in the imposition of significant fines and penalties as well as significant repayment for patient services previously billed. TVAR is not aware of any material incidents of noncompliance; however, the possible future financial effects of this matter on TVAR, if any, are not presently determinable.

In November 2023, TVAR entered into a promissory note agreement with a construction company in connection with the conversion of nine independent living cottages (units) to six villas. Entrance fees associated with the units are 90% refundable and total \$5,390,000, \$450,000 of which was received and was recorded in resident deposits as of December 31, 2023. As of the report date, the six units have been pre-sold. The estimated cost of construction is \$2,329,730. Interest will be compounded monthly at a rate of 7.5% and accrued during the construction period. The repayment period will begin on the first day of the month immediately following substantial completion as defined in the promissory note. Monthly principal and interest payments will vary based on the outstanding principal balance and the timing of entrance fee proceeds as TVAR is required to remit such proceeds within five business days of receipt. The maturity date of the note is 160 days from the date of substantial completion. TVAR did not accrue any liability as of December 31, 2023, as the beginning date of construction was January 2024. Based on the promissory note, principal does not accrue until the beginning date.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2023 and 2022

### 16. COVID-19 Funding

In March 2020, the World Health Organization recognized the novel strain of coronavirus, COVID-19, as a pandemic. The response to the pandemic had severely impacted the level of economic activity around the world and has had wide ranging effects on TVAR, including lost revenue, changing workforce dynamics, decreases in patient census, increases in expenses related to supply chain and other expenses, as well as increased funding sources.

Included on the statements of operations for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, in other grant funding, is \$0 and \$187,374, respectively, related to a 2% rate supplement passed through the Maryland state Medicaid program from the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA). Payments received subsequent to year end are included in accounts receivable on the balance sheets and totaled \$0 and \$93,687, as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. These funds were allocated based on TVAR's Medicaid revenues for the previous two fiscal years, which was intended to provide assistance with maintaining operations and keeping residents and staff safe during the pandemic.

Additionally, through ARPA, TVAR was awarded and recognized other grant funding amounting to \$0 and \$279,014, for the years ended December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. Funding was received through the Maryland State and Local Fiscal Grant program, of which \$0 and \$116,992, is included in accounts receivable on the balance sheets as of December 31, 2023 and 2022, respectively. The funds are to address the urgent needs of the facility for additional staffing, supplies, testing and therapeutics.